

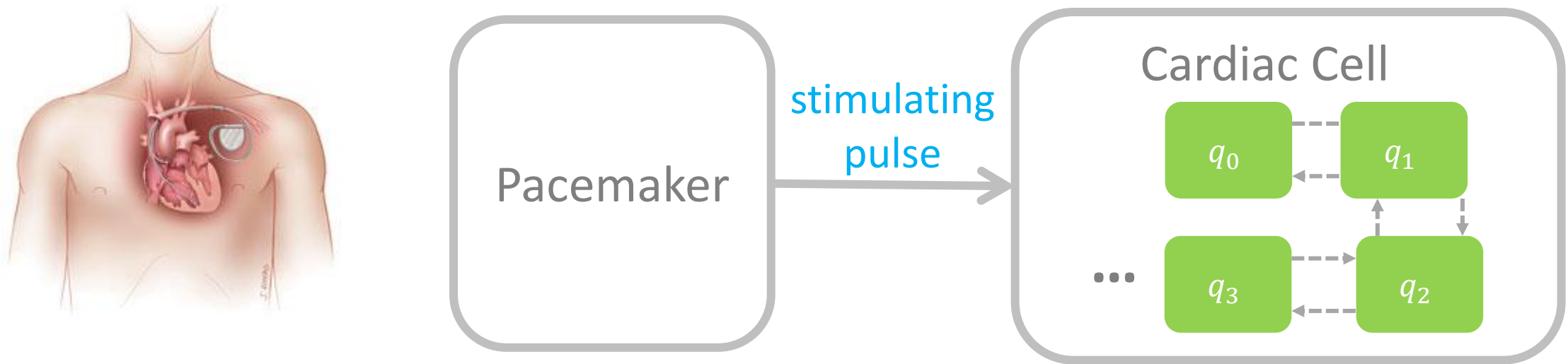
Invariant Verification of Nonlinear Hybrid Automata Networks of Cardiac Cells

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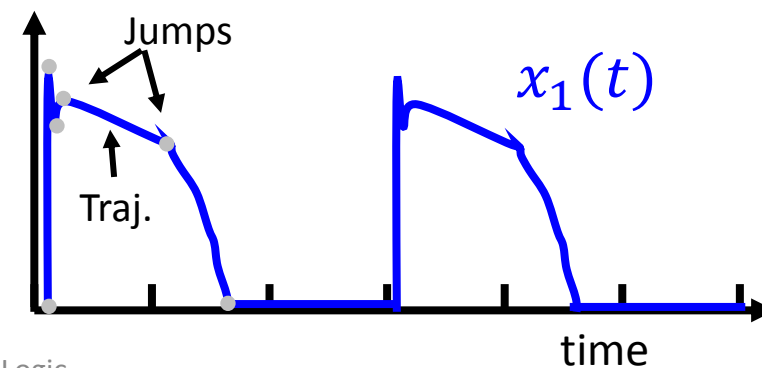
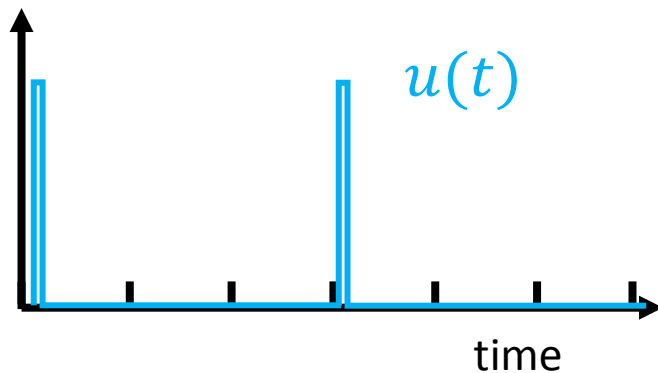
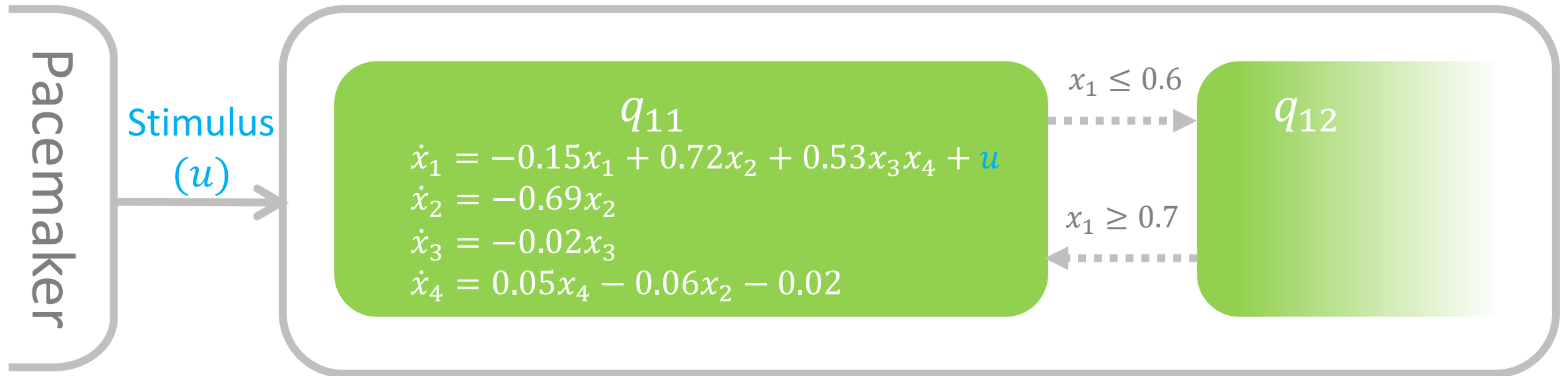
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Hybrid Automata (HA)



HA = Finite-State Machine + Differential Equation

Hybrid Automata Model of Cardiac Cells [Grosu12]



Invariant Verification for Hybrid Automata

Computing reach set exactly is undecidable [Henzinger]

- Over-approximations
- Bounded time

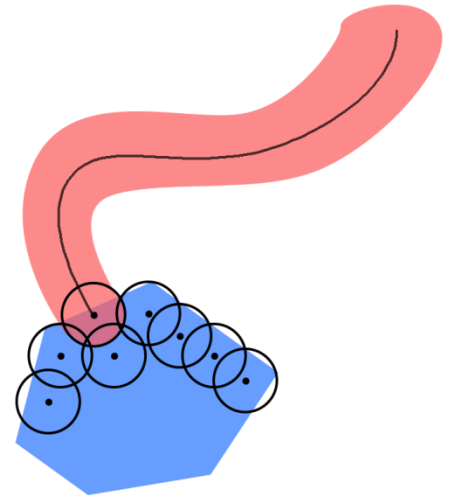
- Static analysis and symbolic approaches
 - E.g. HyTech[Henzinger97], CheckMate[Silva00], d/dt[Dang98], SpaceEx[Frehse11], flow*[Chen13]

- Dynamic+Static analysis using **numerical simulations**
 - E.g. Breach[Donzé10], S-TaLiRo[Annapureddy11], C2E2[Duggirala13]

Simulation-Based Bounded Reachability

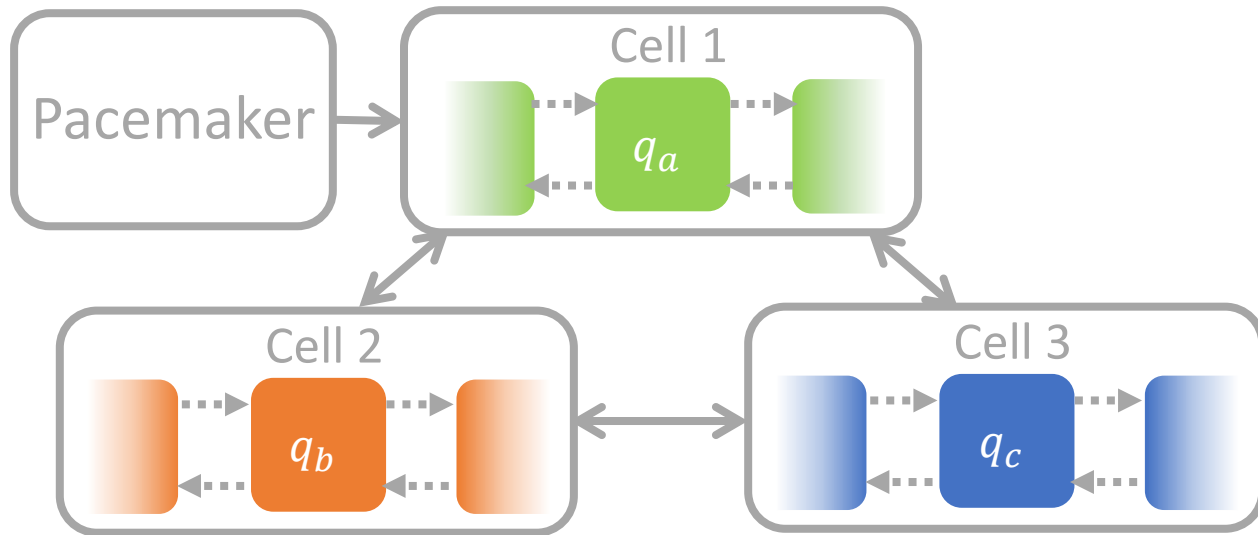
$$\dot{x} = f(x), \Theta \subseteq R^n$$

- Finite cover of Θ
- Simulate from the center of each cover
- Bloat the simulation with **some factor**, such that the bloated tube contains **all** trajectories starting from the cover
- Union of all such tubes gives an over-approximation of reach set



- The **bloating factor** can be computed using sensitivity analysis [Donzé07]
- Or given as an **annotation** for the model [Duggirala13,Huang14].

Challenge: HA Network



$$\dot{x}_{11} = -0.13x_{11} + 0.53x_{13}x_{14} + 0.01x_{21} + 0.01x_{31} + \text{stim}$$

$$\dot{x}_{12} = -0.69x_{12}$$

$$\dot{x}_{13} = -0.25x_{13}$$

$$\dot{x}_{14} = 0.53x_{14} - 0.63x_{12} - 0.19$$

$$\dot{x}_{21} = -1.67x_{21} + 0.24x_{21}x_{22}x_{23} + 0.01x_{11} + 0.01x_{31} \times LN$$

$$\dot{x}_{22} = -0.09x_{22}$$

$$\dot{x}_{23} = -0.25x_{23}$$

$$\dot{x}_{24} = 0.22x_{21} - 0.63x_{24} - 0.21$$

$$\dot{x}_{31} = -0.81x_{31} + 10x_{32} - 6x_{31}x_{32} + 0.01x_{11} + 0.01x_{21}$$

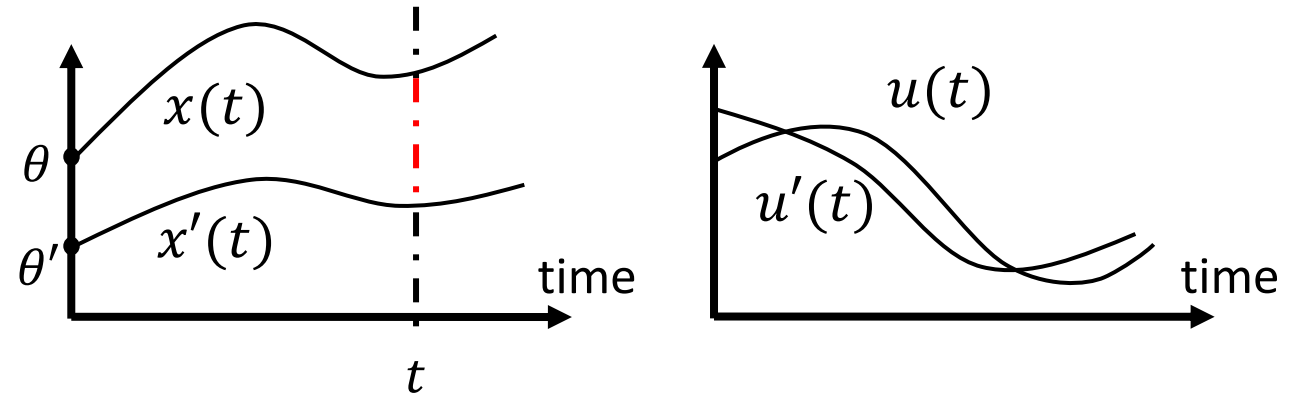
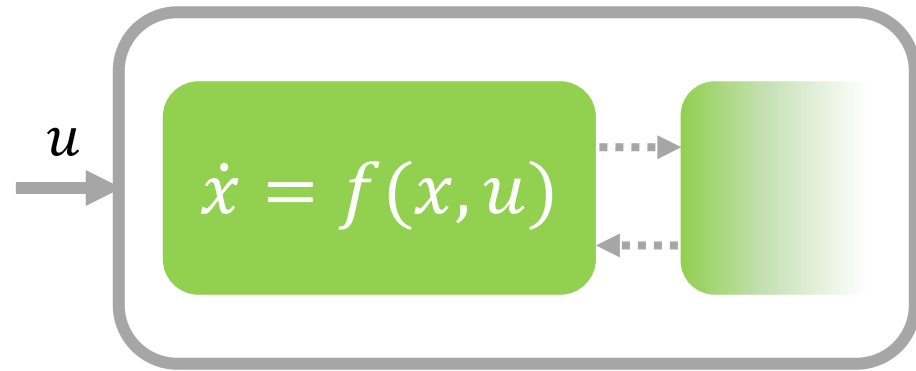
$$\dot{x}_{32} = -0.69x_{32}$$

$$\dot{x}_{33} = -0.25x_{33}$$

$$\dot{x}_{34} = 0.58x_{31} - 0.625x_{34} - 0.19$$

We assume the network is **annotated** by the user **per automaton per mode**.

Annotation: Input-to-State (IS) Discrepancy

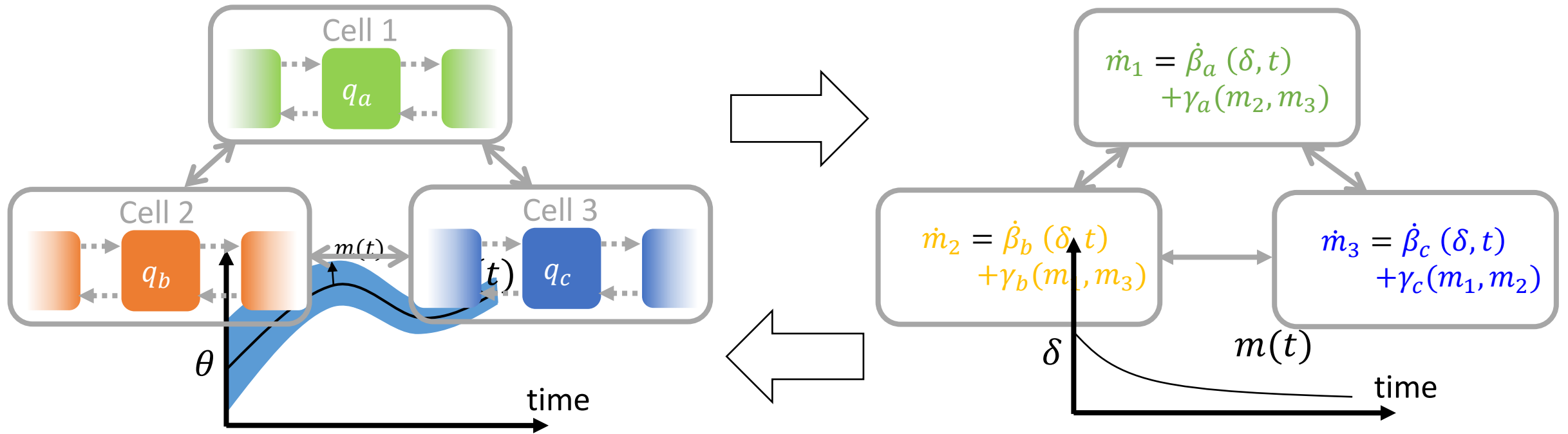


Definition[Duggirala13,Huang14]. IS discrepancy is defined by β and γ such that for any initial states θ, θ' and any inputs u, u' ,

$$|x(t) - x'(t)| \leq \beta(|\theta - \theta'|, t) + \int_0^t \gamma(|u(s) - u'(s)|) ds$$

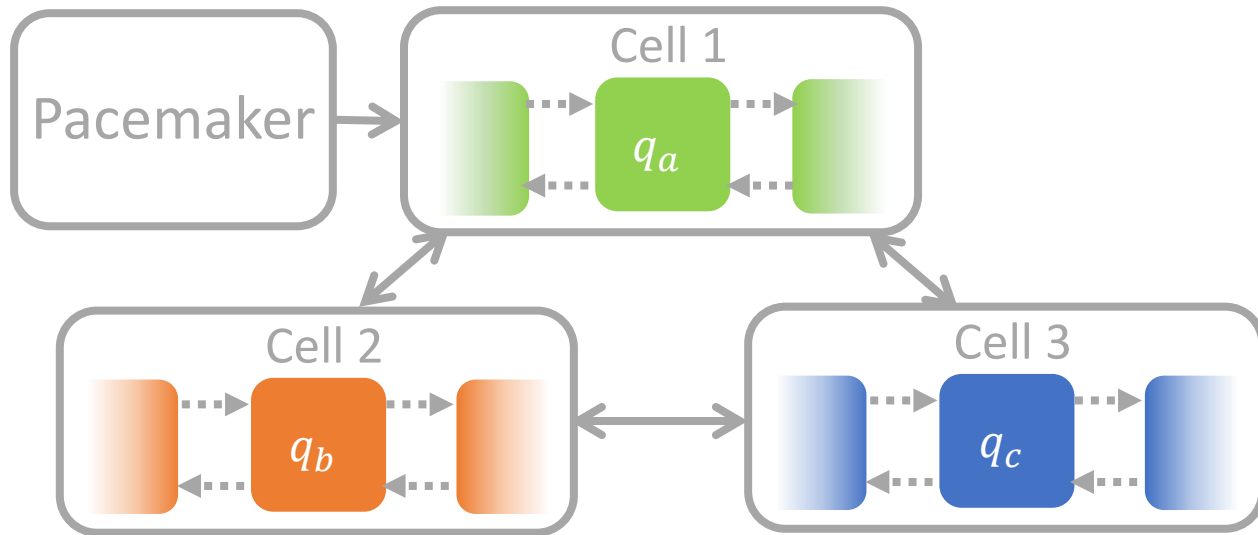
- $\beta \rightarrow 0$ as $\theta \rightarrow \theta'$, and $\gamma \rightarrow 0$ as $u \rightarrow u'$
- Linear $f()$: found automatically
- Nonlinear $f()$: several heuristics were proposed

Bloating a Trajectory with IS Discrepancy

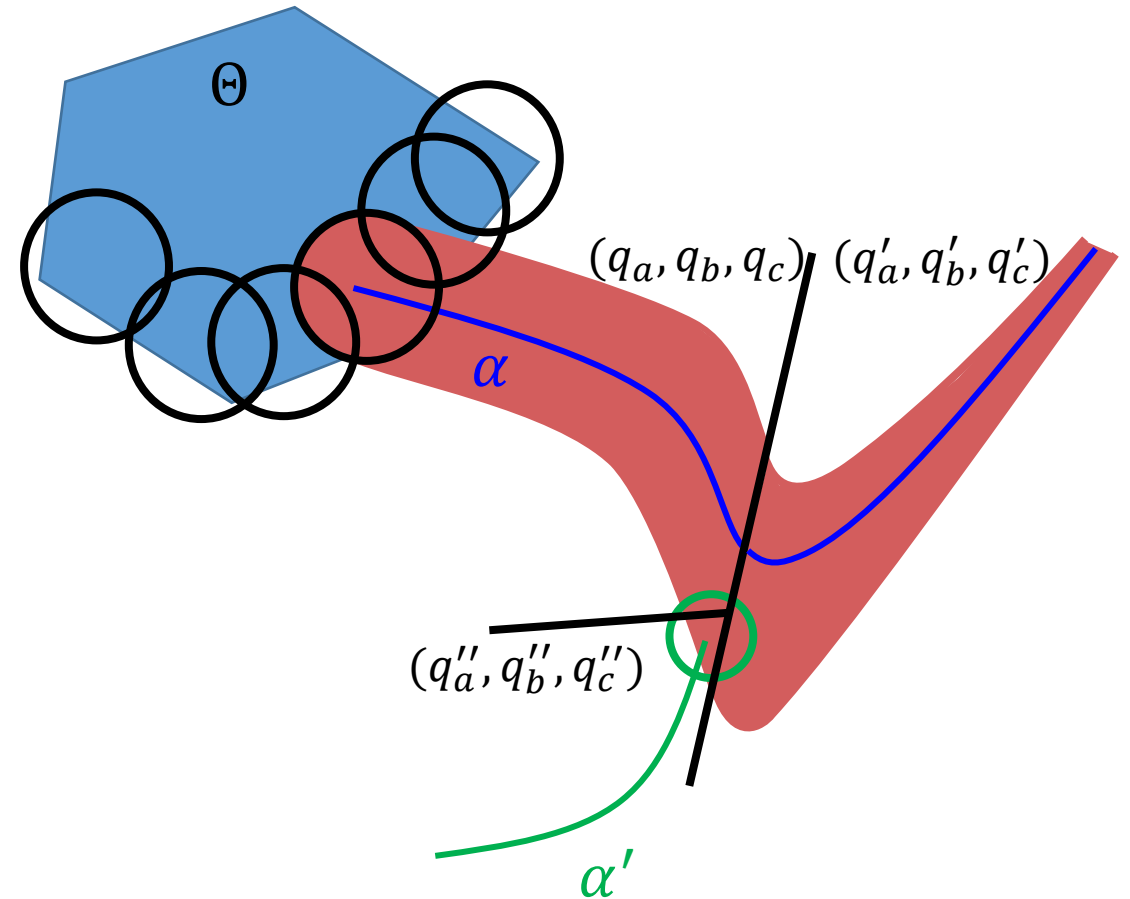


- The bloated tube contains **all** trajectories start from the δ -ball of θ .
- The over-approximation can be computed **arbitrarily precise**.

Reachability Algorithm for HA Networks



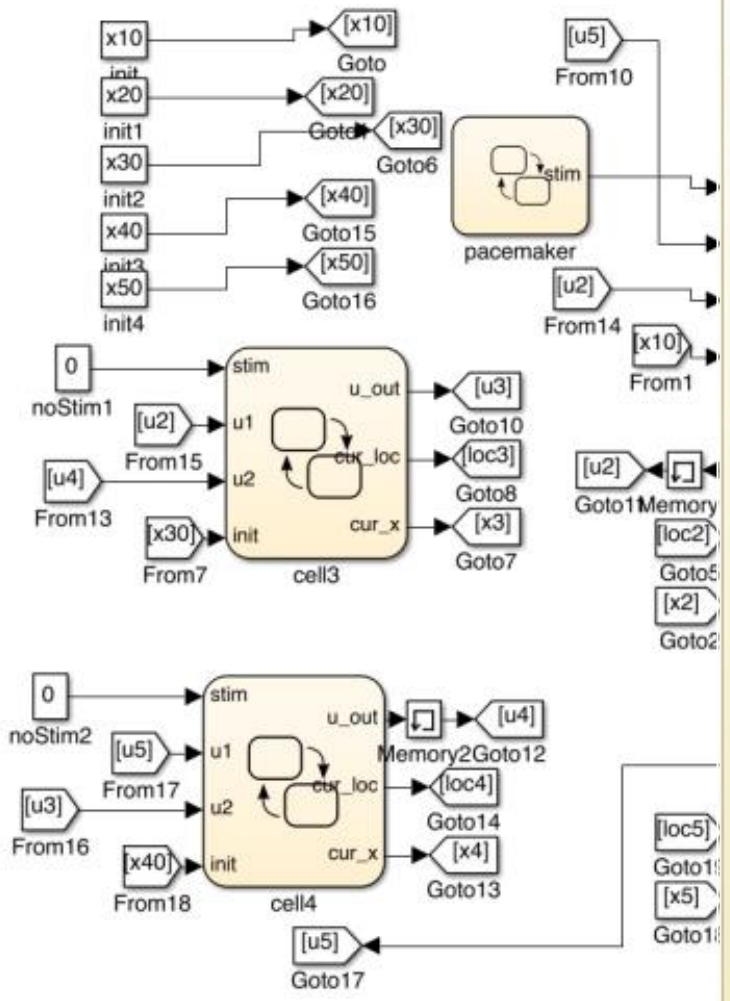
- Bloat α piece-wisely
- Generate α' for missing jumps
- Refinement
 - finer initial cover
 - more precise numerical simulation



Soundness and Relative Completeness

- **Definition.** c -perturb(A) is the set of **all** HA A' , such that A' and A are identical except that
 - The initial sets: $d_H(\Theta_A, \Theta_{A'}) \leq c$, and
 - The differential equations in every mode: $d_\infty(f_A, f_{A'}) \leq c$
- **Definition.** A Robustly satisfies (violates) Inv iff there exists $c > 0$ such that all c -perturb(A) satisfy (violate) Inv .
- **Theorem:** the algorithm is sound and relatively complete.
 - i.e. the algorithm terminates if A robustly satisfies (violates) Inv .

Benchmark



```
state1
du:
u_dot=-0.0025000000000000*u+D*(u1+u2-2*u)/(h*h)+stim;
v_dot=-0.0166666666666667*v+0.0166666666666667;
w_dot=-0.0726392130750601*u-0.0050000000000000*w+0.0050000000000000;
s_dot=0.0325954614796371*u-0.3657376929266330*s+0.0078827602517302;
u_out=u;
cur_x[0] = u;
cur_x[1] = v;
cur_x[2] = w;
cur_x[3] = s;
cur_loc=1;
```

[u<0.0032252252252252]

[u>=0.0032252252252252]

```
state2
du:
u_dot=-0.0025934648787471*u+0.0000003014452846+D*(u1+u2-2*u)/(h*h)+stim;
v_dot=-0.0166666666666667*v+0.0166666666666667;
w_dot=-0.0726392130750601*u-0.0050000000000000*w+0.0050000000000000;
s_dot=0.0342238163406254*u-0.3657376929266330*s+0.0078775084405570;
u_out=u;
cur_x[0] = u;
cur_x[1] = v;
cur_x[2] = w;
cur_x[3] = s;
cur_loc=2;
```

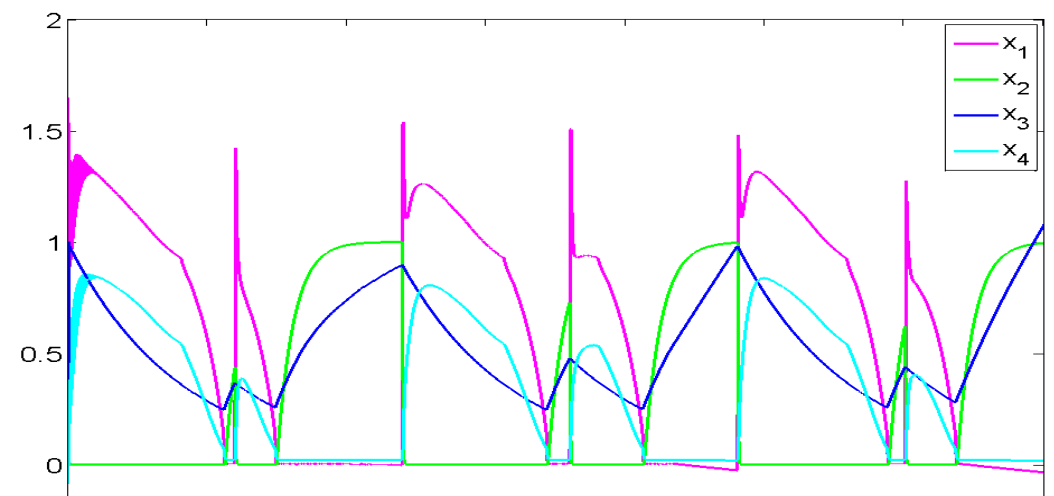
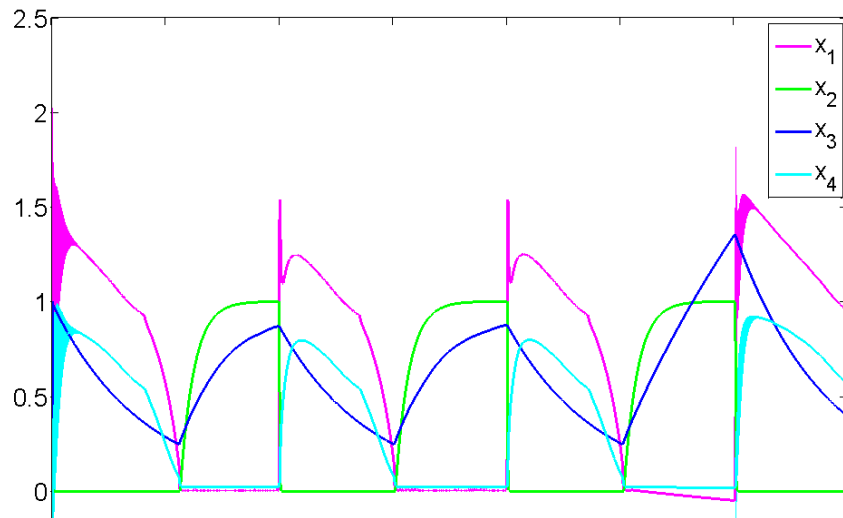
[u>=0.0059]

[u<0.0059]

```
state3
du:
u_dot=-99.8500002249997323*u+0.5891000013299984+D*(u1+u2-2*u)/(h*h)+stim;
v_dot=-166.666666666666003*u-0.9486956521739127*v+157.9710144927535680*u*v+0.9999999999999996;
w_dot=1.2857135714285342*u-0.0050000000000000*w-0.0030142814285712;
s_dot=0.0000003317449342*u-0.3657376929266330*s+0.0080794269996715;
u_out=u;
cur_x[0] = u;
cur_x[1] = v;
cur_x[2] = w;
cur_x[3] = s;
cur_loc=3;
```

Experiments

Network	# Variables	# Modes	# Sims	Run Time (s)
8 cells (FH)	16	1	24	33
3 cells	12	2.4×10^4	16	105
5 cells	20	2.1×10^7	170	945
8 cells	32	5.0×10^{10}	73	2377



Discussion and Future work

- A scalable technique to verify nonlinear hybrid automata networks using annotations
 - IS discrepancies are used to construct a reduced model of the overall network whose trajectory gives the bloating factor
 - Both original network and the reduced model
 - Sound and relatively complete algorithm
- Cardiac cell networks upto 8 cells, 32 var. and 29^8 modes are verified using 29 annotations
- Future work:
 - Find IS discrepancy automatically
 - Verify properties of more biological importance